Digital Safety Session

Monday 2nd October, 2017

- ICT at Pheasey Park Farm Primary School and Children's Centre
- Collaboration throughout the School
- Learning Platform
- Digital Safeguarding



ICT at Pheasey Park Farm Primary School and Children's Centre





Learning has changed from passive to active!





Children interact with the technology!

- ☐ Children have access to SMART Boards in every classroom from the Children's centre to Year 6.
- ☐ Multiple boards in Year 3, Year 4 and Year 5, creating collaboration.
- ☐ Use of devices, tablets (iPads), Netbooks and laptops.
- ☐ Access to online resources through the Launchpad.
- ☐ Continuing learning outside of the classroom with the Learning Platform.

Children have ownership of their learning!

Collaboration throughout the School



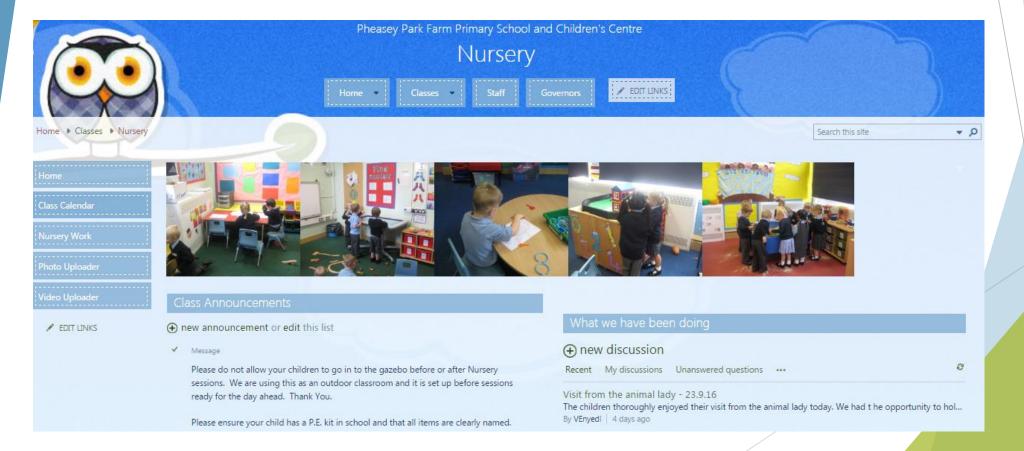




- ☐ Development and roll out of good practice seen in the Collaborative Classroom
- ☐ Embedding collaborative teaching and learning throughout the Foundation Stage, Key Stage 1 and 2
- ☐ Installation of a scaled down versions of the SCC throughout Year 3, Year 4 and Year 5 consisting of two Smart boards per classroom
- ☐ Increasing awareness of collaborative teaching and learning for staff/children
- ☐ Standardising the format of using collaboration throughout the school
- □ 20 ft interactive board located in a communal area for whole school access to collaborative projects

Learning Platform

- ☐ Uploading of documents, pictures and media
- ☐ Blogging and discussions
- ☐ Links to resources
- ☐ Opportunity to see what is happening within the class



Digital Safeguarding

Aims of the Workshop

- ☐ By the end of this workshop we will have:
- ☐ Explored the issues surrounding staying safe on-line
- ☐ Understand some of the steps to take to keep safe on-line
- ☐ Know the messages we need to give to our children about staying safe
- ☐ Explore some resources which will help communicate these messages

Chat speak - how many of these do you know?

KPC Keeping Parents Clueless
Gr8 - Great

BRB - Be Right Back

DEGT - Don't Even Go There

LMIRL - Let's Meet In Real Life

POS - Parent Over Shoulder

P911 - Parent Alert

PAL - Parents Are Listening

PAW - Parents Are Watching

PIR - Parent In Room

PIR

PAW

Adults often have anxieties about new media...



Everything that's already in the world when you're born is just normal;



"Anything that gets invented after you're thirty is against the natural order of things and the beginning of the end of civilisation as we know it ...until it's been around for about ten years when it gradually turns out to be alright really."

Douglas Adams

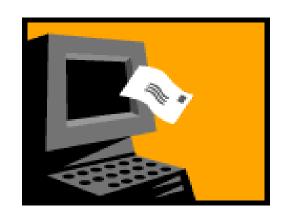
Statistics

- □ Half of all children under 10 years old have a mobile phone
- 64% of children have access to the internet via their own laptop, tablet or smartphone
- □ There are over 600 million registered users of Facebook
 - □ An estimated 7 ½ million of these users are under 13
 - □ 25% of 7-10 year olds are on Facebook (CEOP)
- The number of text messages sent every day exceeds the total population of the planet

Different usage

PARENTS

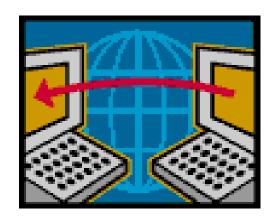
Mostly email & web for research/shopping





YOUNG PEOPLE

Interactive chat, IM, Music, Games, Blog, Videos



28% of parents who use the internet describe themselves as beginners compared with only 7% of children

Supervision

IN SCHOOL

Supervised, filtered & monitored





OUT OF SCHOOL

Often no supervision, filtering or monitoring



Statistics show that 79% of young people use the internet privately without their parent's supervision

Knowledge vs. Wisdom

KNOWLEDGE

Many children pick up technology quicker!





WISDOM

Understanding how to behave in a virtual world



69% of young people say they don't like their parents restricting or monitoring their internet usage!

Why is the internet so great?

Discover

Connect

Create







The biggest library in the world



Brings people together



Anyone can become a publisher

Potential risks



- □ 73% of online adverts are not clearly labelled making it difficult for children and adults to recognise them
- 57% of 9-19 year olds have come into contact with online pornography accidentally.
- □ 4 in 10 pupils aged 9-19 trust most of the information on the internet.
- 1/3 of young people have received unwanted sexual or nasty comments online. Only 7% of parents are aware that their child has received such comments.

Commercial risks

- Blur between content & advertising
- Subtle requests for marketing information-"Tell a friend"
- Invasive programmes adware/popups



20% of children claim they mustn't fill in online forms, compared with 57% of parents who do not allow it.

Content viewed

- **⊗**Inaccurate content
- **Extreme** material
- **⊗**Pornography



4 in 10 pupils aged 9-19 trust most of the information on the internet

57% of 9-19 year olds have come into contact with online pornography. Only 16% of parents think that their child has seen pornography on the internet.



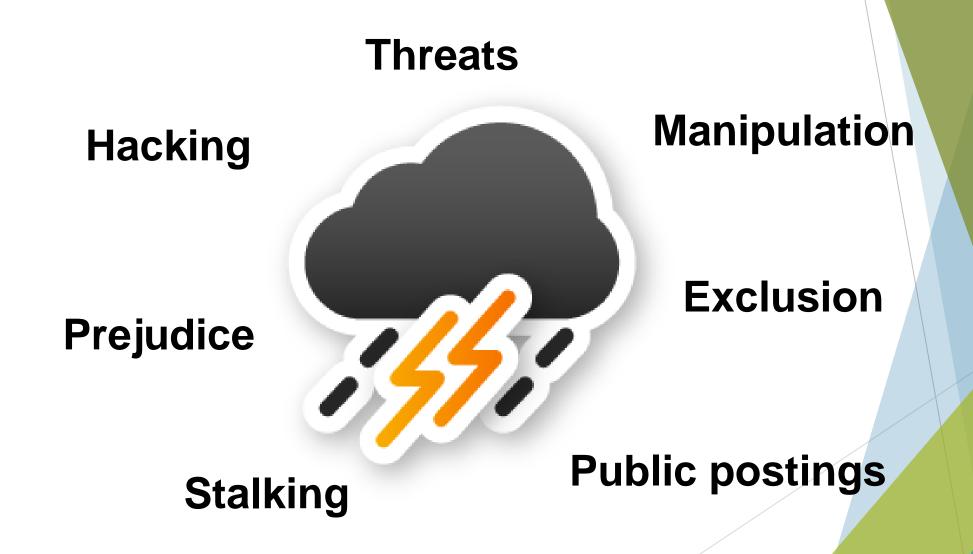
Contact risks

- ⊗ Social networking sites
- ⊗ Instant messaging
- Multi-user online games
- **⊗** Chat rooms



49% of kids say that they have given out personal information 5% of parents think their child has given out such information

What is Cyberbullying?



Risky technologies









Chat sites/Instant Messaging

Social Networking Sites

e-mail

Mobile Telephony

File Sharing

Gaming















The Problems

- ☐ Open Profiles Access to personal information
 - Do not show your address, telephone numbers, school or e-mail
 - Do not write about hobbies/activities that link to a time or place
 - Limit access to just friends
 - Do not post inappropriate pictures use a nickname and a cartoon for profile picture
- ☐ Links between activities, places and times
- ☐ Inappropriate/inadvisable images, videos or language
- ☐ Not knowing the identity of contacts Blackmail/grooming
 - Never agree to meet up with someone online
 - Never give a password to anyone else
 - Don't add people you don't know
 - Block people who add you if you don't know them

Prevention is the best way

- DO NOT STOP YOUR CHILD USING THE INTERNET
- ☐ Firstly this doesn't work, but it drives their use underground and they are then not able to talk to you if they get in trouble
- □ Secondly the internet is the greatest ever single invention that has the potential to make the world a better place. It's already more significant than the inventions of the printing press, radio, telephone and TV put together!

What you can do...

☐ Discuss Cyberbullying - respect, passwords ☐ Get involved with your children online, agree rules and encourage balanced use - set time limits Make sure they know who to talk to if they feel uncomfortable Talk about the consequences of giving out personal info or making information public Keep the computer in a family room and be aware of which sites are being accessed Use child-friendly search engines and install filtering Encourage them to use browser tools - Bookmarks and History Find appropriate sites to visit and try not to overreact about accidental inappropriate content Install software to protect your computer's security ☐ Use a family email address for shopping and online forms Use the free technology: pop-up blockers & SPAM filters; and your good judgement: don't reply to SPAM! ☐ Check sites for extra security (padlock/https) Consider whether a webcam is appropriate

Report Cyberbullying (School, Service provider or Police) - save evidence, block unwanted contacts

What about mobiles?

- □ Know how your child's phone works (e.g. Bluetooth, Internet access)
- Agree the type of content that you would be happy for them to download, knowingly receive or send on to others
- □ Save any abusive messages/inappropriate images for evidence purposes
- Decide together what are acceptable bills
- □ Encourage balanced use switching off at mealtimes, bedtime.

Do not give out mobile numbers to people you don't know in the real world

Do not reply to messages from unknown sources

Do not reply to abusive messages

Only send pictures you 'wouldn't mind your mom seeing'



SMART rules

- SAFE Keep safe by being careful not to give out personal information including full name and email address to people who you don't trust online.
- **MEETING** Meeting up with someone you have only been in touch with online can be dangerous. Only do so with your parent's/carer's permission and even then only when they can be present.
- ACCEPTING Accepting e-mails, IM messages or opening files from people you don't know can be dangerous they may contain viruses or nasty messages!
- **RELIABLE** Someone online may be lying about who they are, and information you find on the internet may not be true. Check information and advice on other websites, in books or ask someone who may know.
- **TELL** Tell your parent/carer or teacher if someone or something makes you feel uncomfortable or worried, or you or someone you know is being cyberbullied.

Digital Safeguarding

Websites



www.thinkuknow.co.uk



https://www.lgfl.net/



http://www.bbc.co.uk/cbbc



www.digizen.org



www.gridclub.com





www.ceop.police.uk

www.childnet.com www.kidsmart.org.uk

The UK Hotline for criminal online content www.iwf.org.uk

